



Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Vaccination Report: Texas

Working Together to Reach National Goals for HPV Vaccination

Report 2: Jan 2015

Three vaccinations are recommended for boys and girls aged 11-12 years: human papillomavirus (HPV), tetanus, diphtheria, and acellular pertussis (Tdap), and meningococcal (MenACWY). Nationally, HPV vaccination coverage for teens lags behind other adolescent vaccinations and remains far below Healthy People 2020 targets of 80% coverage by 2020. Many efforts have focused on accelerating HPV vaccination uptake, and these quarterly reports highlight data and strategies to continue to facilitate collaboration in increasing HPV vaccination coverage. The current report will focus on **the importance of a strong recommendation from clinicians**. Individual immunization programs may also have other data and information about strategies already being implemented to increase HPV vaccination coverage in Texas.

Estimates of Teen Vaccination Coverage Nationwide and in Texas

Nationwide and Jurisdiction-specific Vaccination Coverage, Teens Aged 13-17 Years, NIS-Teen 2013

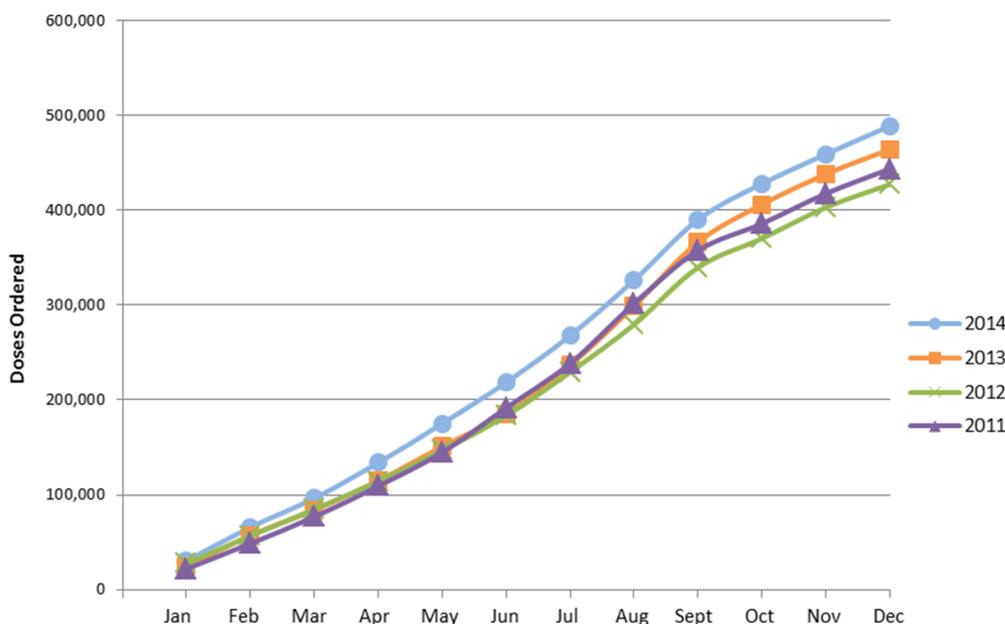
	≥1 Tdap	≥1 Meningococcal	HPV					
			Females			Males		
			≥1 dose	≥2 doses	≥3 doses	≥1 dose	≥2 doses	≥3 doses
Texas	86.1%	87.6%	56.2%	46.3%	38.9%	34.1%	25.2%	15.0%
US National	86.0%	77.8%	57.3%	47.7%	37.6%	34.6%	23.5%	13.9%

CDC. National, Regional, State, and Selected Local Area Vaccination Coverage among Adolescents Aged 13-17 Years: United States, 2013. *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR)*. July 25, 2014.

2014 HPV Vaccine Ordering Trends

CDC recommends examining vaccine ordering data for trends to approximate recent HPV vaccination uptake, as ordering data are available sooner than coverage data and can inform action in real time. Reviewing ordering data at the health system, clinic, or clinician level can help to target outreach activities to clinicians or facilities who have inconsistent or lower ordering patterns than expected.

Cumulative Year-to-date Total of Publicly* Ordered HPV Vaccination Doses in TX (2011-2014)



Cumulative Year-to-date Total of Publicly* Ordered HPV Vaccination Doses, TX (2013-2014)

	2013	2014	% change
Jan	23,590	30,370	28.7%
Feb	57,220	65,720	14.9%
Mar	83,750	96,340	15.0%
Apr	114,940	133,820	16.4%
May	150,980	175,210	16.0%
Jun	185,670	218,530	17.7%
Jul	236,690	268,000	13.2%
Aug	299,170	326,350	9.1%
Sept	366,460	390,140	6.5%
Oct	406,110	428,020	5.4%
Nov	438,330	459,240	4.8%
Dec	464,280	489,020	5.3%

CDC. Vaccine Tracking System (VTrcks). December 2014.

* Defined as orders for publicly funded vaccine (i.e. Vaccines for Children, 317, state/local, or CHIP doses).

Have questions? Contact us at preteenvaccines@cdc.gov.





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Data Spotlight: The Importance of a Strong Recommendation from Clinicians

Evidence supports the importance of a strong recommendation from clinicians:

- A strong recommendation from clinicians is the best predictor of vaccination (Holman et al., 2014).
- Younger adolescents are less likely to receive a strong recommendation than older adolescents, and boys are less likely to receive a strong recommendation than girls (Allison et al., 2013).
- Parents value the HPV vaccine, but clinicians underestimate the value that parents place on HPV vaccine. Clinicians may not recommend the HPV vaccine as strongly as other vaccines because of these assumptions (Healy et al., 2014).

In Texas...

≥ 1 dose HPV vaccine coverage was higher among girls and boys who received a recommendation vs. those who did not (respectively 69.7% vs. 38.3%, and 63.5% vs. 20.1%).

A higher proportion of girls received a recommendation for HPV vaccine than boys (57.1% vs. 31.6%).

Prevalence of clinician recommendation* for HPV vaccine and ≥1 dose of HPV vaccine coverage stratified by receipt of recommendation, teens aged 13-17 years, Texas, NIS-Teen 2013

	Received clinician recommendation	≥ 1 dose HPV vaccine coverage by receipt of clinician recommendation	
		Received recommendation	Did not receive recommendation
	% (95% CI)	% (95% CI)	% (95% CI)
Girls	57.1 (±7.5)	69.7 (±8.7)	38.3 (±12.0)
Boys	31.6 (±6.3)	63.5 (±11.1)	20.1 (±6.5)

95% CI = 95% confidence interval. Estimates with 95% CI half-widths >10 may not be reliable.

*Clinician recommendation: parent reported receiving recommendation for HPV vaccination from their teen's clinician.

New Year's Resolution 2015:

Provide Strong Recommendations for HPV Vaccination in Texas

Last quarter's report focused on reducing missed opportunities. Building on this, below are suggested strategies and resources for engaging clinicians in providing strong recommendations for HPV vaccination:

- **Clinicians can utilize the following methods to help them deliver a strong, concise, and clear HPV vaccination recommendation:**
 - ✓ Recommend the HPV vaccine in the same way and during the same visit as the other adolescent vaccines. Some evidence suggests that the best recommendation for HPV vaccination includes all indicated adolescent vaccinations.
 - ✓ Use the "HPV vaccine is cancer prevention" message, because parents identify cancer prevention as important in their decision to vaccinate their children.
 - ✓ Emphasize their personal belief in the importance of the HPV vaccine.
 - ✓ Remind parents that the HPV vaccine is safe and effective. If parents have questions, address questions directly and confidently.
- **Share CDC's educational resources about clinician recommendations:**
 - ✓ A new CME Medscape activity is available that discusses communication strategies. "Communicating Safety and Efficacy of HPV Vaccine to Parents and Pre-adolescents" can be found here: <http://www.medscape.org/viewarticle/834038>
 - ✓ Additional Medscape materials addressing the clinician recommendation for HPV vaccine can be found at the CDC HPV portal for clinicians, under the tab "Tools for Your Practice": www.cdc.gov/vaccines/YouAreTheKey
 - ✓ View CDC's "Tips and Timesavers for Talking with Parents about HPV Vaccine" here: <http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/who/teens/for-hcp-tipsheet-hpv.pdf>
- **Collaborate with partners to increase use of strategies to strengthen the clinician recommendation for HPV vaccination.**

Visit the clinician-specific web portal for more resources and materials: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/YouAreTheKey

You are the key to cancer prevention!

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