DISEASE AND VACCINES IN TEXAS

What You Need to Know

JAN 2018
Six cases of measles confirmed in Ellis County. All cases were in unvaccinated individuals.

FEB 2018
Thousands of cheerleaders, fans, and families were exposed to mumps at a cheerleading competition in Dallas, and Texas Christian University (TCU) reported a confirmed case of mumps on the Fort Worth campus.

JUNE 2018
The Texas Department of State Health Services released 2017-18 exemption data showing more than 57,000 school-age children have one or more vaccine exemptions.1

JUNE 2018
A study released showed four out of 16 exemption “hotspots” in the country are in Texas: Austin, Fort Worth, Houston, and Plano.2

AUG 2018
Plano Independent School District confirmed a case of measles in an unvaccinated teenager.

AUG 2018
Texas Children’s Hospital in Houston confirmed case of measles in a toddler. The child was hospitalized in the intensive care unit.

SEPT 2018
Southwest Airlines confirmed a passenger infected with measles traveled on four different flights (Dallas, Houston, Harlingen, Houston) across Texas.

SEPT 2018
TCU confirmed a mumps case on campus.

During the 2017-18 flu season, more than 10,000 Texans died of flu or flu-related complications.3

VACCINE-PREVENTABLE DISEASES ARE ON THE RISE:
A 2018 TIMELINE

TEXAS REPUBLICANS OVERWHELMINGLY SUPPORT STRONG VACCINATION LAWS

RESULTS OF A JULY 2018 STATEWIDE SURVEY OF REPUBLICAN PRIMARY VOTERS4

86 percent support current laws requiring children to be immunized to attend public school.

67 percent support the government having a role in reducing the number of vaccine-preventable deaths.

68 percent oppose allowing parents to opt out of providing their children required school vaccines for nonmedical reasons.

REFERENCES
1 www.dshs.texas.gov/immunize/coverage/schools
2 https://journals.plos.org/plosmedicine/article?id=10.1371/journal.pmed.1002578
4 www.texmed.org/TexasMedicineDetail.aspx?id=48190
NONMEDICAL SCHOOL VACCINE EXEMPTIONS ARE SOARING

From 2003 to 2018, Texas has seen a more than 2,300-percent increase in exemptions.

TAKEAWAY

Vaccination is a safe and highly effective way to prevent disease.

The Texas Public Health Coalition recommends:

- Oppose efforts to weaken school vaccination requirements.
- Support measures to improve vaccination rates and lower risks for outbreaks.
- Support better government transparency about existing school data that could affect our vulnerability to outbreak.

REFERENCES

5 www.texaslyceum.org/page-18271
6 www.dshs.texas.gov/immunize/coverage/schools